

Vorbereitung 7 31.1.2025

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a)

$T = 8$ $\omega = \frac{2\pi}{T} = \frac{\pi}{4}$
 $L = 4$

$$b_k = \frac{2}{T} \int_{-\frac{T}{2}}^{\frac{T}{2}} f(x) \sin(k\omega x) dx = 2 \cdot \frac{2}{8} \int_0^4 f(x) \sin(k \frac{\pi}{4} x) dx \quad \rightarrow 7.7.1$$

$$= \frac{1}{2} \int_1^3 1 \cdot \sin(k \frac{\pi}{4} x) dx = \frac{1}{2} \left[\frac{-4}{k\pi} \cos(k \frac{\pi}{4} x) \right]_1^3$$

$$= \frac{-4}{k\pi} \left(\cos\left(\frac{3k\pi}{4}\right) - \cos\left(\frac{k\pi}{4}\right) \right)$$

$$u(x, 0) = \sum_{k=1}^{\infty} \frac{2}{k\pi} \left(\cos\left(\frac{k\pi}{4}\right) - \cos\left(\frac{3k\pi}{4}\right) \right) \sin\left(k \frac{\pi}{4} x\right)$$

b) $u_t = 3u_{xx}$ $a^2 = 3$

8.2.6

$$u(x, t) = \sum_{k=1}^{\infty} \frac{2}{k\pi} \left(\cos\left(\frac{k\pi}{4}\right) - \cos\left(\frac{3k\pi}{4}\right) \right) \sin\left(k \frac{\pi}{4} x\right) e^{-\frac{3k^2\pi^2}{16} t}$$

c)

$$u_t(x, t) = \sum_{k=1}^{\infty} \frac{2}{k\pi} \left(\cos\left(\frac{k\pi}{4}\right) - \cos\left(\frac{3k\pi}{4}\right) \right) \sin\left(k \frac{\pi}{4} x\right) \frac{-3k^2\pi^2}{16} e^{-\frac{3k^2\pi^2}{16} t}$$

$$= \sum_{k=1}^{\infty} \frac{-3k\pi}{8} \left(\cos\left(\frac{k\pi}{4}\right) - \cos\left(\frac{3k\pi}{4}\right) \right) \sin\left(k \frac{\pi}{4} x\right) e^{-\frac{3k^2\pi^2}{16} t}$$

$$u_x(x, t) = \sum_{k=1}^{\infty} \frac{2}{k\pi} \left(\cos\left(\frac{k\pi}{4}\right) - \cos\left(\frac{3k\pi}{4}\right) \right) \frac{k\pi}{4} \cos\left(k \frac{\pi}{4} x\right) e^{-\frac{3k^2\pi^2}{16} t}$$

$$= \sum_{k=1}^{\infty} \frac{1}{2} \left(\cos\left(\frac{k\pi}{4}\right) - \cos\left(\frac{3k\pi}{4}\right) \right) \cos\left(k \frac{\pi}{4} x\right) e^{-\frac{3k^2\pi^2}{16} t}$$

$$u_{xx}(x, t) = \sum_{k=1}^{\infty} \frac{1}{2} \left(\cos\left(\frac{k\pi}{4}\right) - \cos\left(\frac{3k\pi}{4}\right) \right) \frac{-k\pi}{4} \sin\left(k \frac{\pi}{4} x\right) e^{-\frac{3k^2\pi^2}{16} t}$$

$$= \sum_{k=1}^{\infty} \frac{-k\pi}{8} \left(\cos\left(\frac{k\pi}{4}\right) - \cos\left(\frac{3k\pi}{4}\right) \right) \sin\left(k \frac{\pi}{4} x\right) e^{-\frac{3k^2\pi^2}{16} t}$$

$u_t(x, t) = 3u_{xx}(x, t)$ ✓ Koeffizientenvergleich

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$$\text{Ansatz: } u(x,t) = \sum_{k=1}^{\infty} b_k(t) \sin\left(\frac{k\pi}{L}x\right) e^{-\frac{c^2 k^2 \pi^2}{L^2}t}$$

$$\alpha^2 = 1 \quad L = \pi \quad v(x,t) = t$$

$$\tilde{b}_k = \frac{2}{\pi} \int_0^{\pi} t \sin(kx) dx = \frac{2}{\pi} t \left[-\frac{1}{k} \cos(kx) \right]_0^{\pi}$$

$$= \frac{2}{k\pi} t ((-1)^k - 1) = \frac{2}{k\pi} t (1 - (-1)^k)$$

$$b_k'(t) = \tilde{b}_k(t) e^{\frac{c^2 k^2 \pi^2}{L^2}t} = \frac{2}{k\pi} t (1 - (-1)^k) e^{k^2 t}$$

$$b_k(t) = \frac{2}{k\pi} (1 - (-1)^k) \int_0^t t e^{k^2 t} dt$$

$$= \frac{2}{k\pi} (1 - (-1)^k) \left(\left[t \frac{1}{k^2} e^{k^2 t} \right] - \frac{1}{k^2} \int e^{k^2 t} dt \right)$$

$$= \frac{2}{k\pi} (1 - (-1)^k) \left(\left[t \frac{1}{k^2} e^{k^2 t} \right] - \frac{1}{k^4} \left[e^{k^2 t} \right] \right)$$

$$= \frac{2}{k^3 \pi} (1 - (-1)^k) \left(t e^{k^2 t} - \frac{1}{k^2} e^{k^2 t} \right) + C_k \quad C_k \in \mathbb{R}$$

$$\text{Anfangsbedingungen } u(x,0) = 0 = \sum_{k=1}^{\infty} 0 \cdot \sin(kx)$$

$$\stackrel{!}{=} \sum_{k=1}^{\infty} b_k(0) \sin(kx) \underbrace{e^{-k^2 \cdot 0}}_1$$

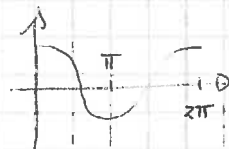
$$0 \stackrel{!}{=} b_k(0) = \frac{2}{k^3 \pi} (1 - (-1)^k) \left(0 - \frac{1}{k^2} \right) + C_k$$

$$= \frac{2}{k^3 \pi} ((-1)^k - 1) + C_k$$

$$\Rightarrow C_k = \frac{2}{k^3 \pi} (1 - (-1)^k)$$

$$u(x,t) = \sum_{k=1}^{\infty} \left(\frac{2}{k^3 \pi} (1 - (-1)^k) \left(t - \frac{1}{k^2} \right) e^{k^2 t} + \frac{2}{k^3 \pi} (1 - (-1)^k) \right) \sin(kx) e^{-k^2 t}$$

$$= \sum_{k=1}^{\infty} \frac{2}{k^3 \pi} (1 - (-1)^k) \left(t - \frac{1}{k^2} + \frac{1}{k^2} e^{-k^2 t} \right) \sin(kx)$$



$$2.1) \quad u_{tt} = 2u_{xx} \quad u(x, 0) = \sin(x) \quad c^2 = 2 \Rightarrow c = \sqrt{2}$$

a) d'Alembert $u(x, t) = F(x+ct) + G(x-ct) \quad \rightarrow 8.3.2$

wähle $F(\xi) = \sin(\xi) \quad G(\eta) = 0$

$$u(x, t) = \sin(x+ct) = \sin(x+\sqrt{2}t)$$

$$u_t(x, t) = \sqrt{2} \cos(x+\sqrt{2}t) \quad u_x(x, t) = \cos(x+\sqrt{2}t)$$

$$u_{tt}(x, t) = -2 \sin(x+\sqrt{2}t) \quad u_{xx}(x, t) = -\sin(x+\sqrt{2}t)$$

$$\Rightarrow u_{tt} = 2u_{xx} \quad \checkmark$$

$$u(x, 0) = \sin(x+\sqrt{2} \cdot 0) = \sin(x) \quad \checkmark$$

b) $F(\xi) = 0 \quad G(\eta) = \sin(\eta) \Rightarrow u(x, t) = \sin(x-\sqrt{2}t)$

$$u_t(x, t) = -\sqrt{2} \cos(x-\sqrt{2}t) \quad u_x(x, t) = \cos(x-\sqrt{2}t)$$

$$u_{tt}(x, t) = -2 \sin(x-\sqrt{2}t) \quad u_{xx}(x, t) = -\sin(x-\sqrt{2}t)$$

$$\Rightarrow u_{tt} = 2u_{xx} \quad \checkmark$$

$$u(x, 0) = \sin(x-\sqrt{2} \cdot 0) = \sin(x) \quad \checkmark$$

c) $F(\xi) = \frac{1}{2} \sin(\xi) \quad G(\eta) = \frac{1}{2} \sin(\eta) \Rightarrow u(x, t) = \frac{1}{2} \sin(x+\sqrt{2}t) + \frac{1}{2} \sin(x-\sqrt{2}t)$

$$u_t(x, t) = \frac{\sqrt{2}}{2} \cos(x+\sqrt{2}t) - \frac{\sqrt{2}}{2} \cos(x-\sqrt{2}t)$$

$$u_{tt}(x, t) = -\sin(x+\sqrt{2}t) - \sin(x-\sqrt{2}t)$$

$$u_x(x, t) = \frac{1}{2} \cos(x+\sqrt{2}t) + \frac{1}{2} \cos(x-\sqrt{2}t)$$

$$u_{xx}(x, t) = -\frac{1}{2} \sin(x+\sqrt{2}t) - \frac{1}{2} \sin(x-\sqrt{2}t)$$

$$\Rightarrow u_{tt} = 2u_{xx} \quad \checkmark$$

$$u(x, 0) = \frac{1}{2} \sin(x+\sqrt{2} \cdot 0) + \frac{1}{2} \sin(x-\sqrt{2} \cdot 0) = \sin(x) \quad \checkmark$$